

# PACIFIC FLYING CLUB

## Piper Seneca I (PA34-200) Aircraft Operating Manual Exam

Member Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Corrected to 100% - Instructors Name \_\_\_\_\_ Signature \_\_\_\_\_

### Performance

1) What are the critical speeds for the following conditions?

- a) Stall Speed Landing Configuration (VSO at 4,000LBS) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- b) Stall Speed Clean Configuration (VS at 4,200LBS) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- c) Rotation Speed (VR) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- d) Minimum Controllable Airspeed (VMC) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- e) Best Angle of climb (VX) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- f) Best Rate of climb (VY) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
  
- g) Best Single Engine Rate of Climb (VYSE) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- h) Never Exceed Speed (VNE) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- i) Maximum Structural Cruise (VNO) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- j) Maximum Gear Extended Speed (VLE) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
  
- k) Maximum Gear Extension Speed (VLO down) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH  
Maximum Gear Retraction Speed (VLO up) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- l) Maximum Flap Extension Speed (VFE) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
  - Design Flap Speed 10° (VF) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
  - Design Flap Speed 25° (VF) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
  - Design Flap Speed 40° (VF) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- m) Minimum Flap Retraction Speed \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- n) Maneuvering Speed @ 2743 lbs (VA) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH
- o) Maneuvering Speed @ 4200 lbs (VA) \_\_\_\_\_ MPH

2) The maximum demonstrated crosswind component is \_\_\_\_\_ KTS.

3) What is meant by the term one engine inoperative service ceiling? \_\_\_\_\_

---

The service ceiling for this aircraft is \_\_\_\_\_ feet (4,200LBS)  
The single-engine service ceiling for this aircraft is \_\_\_\_\_ feet  
(4,200LBS)

4) The fuel consumption at 65% power is \_\_\_\_\_ GPH

5) The maximum rated horsepower is \_\_\_\_\_ HP at \_\_\_\_\_ RPM

6) What is the take off distance over a 50' obstacle under the following conditions? \_\_\_\_\_ Feet

Temperature: 50° F  
Altitude: 3000'  
Weight: 3600 lbs  
Wind: 15 MH headwind

7) What is the single engine climb performance under the following conditions?

Pressure Altitude: 4000'  
Temperature: 85°F  
Weight: 4200 lbs

## Weight and balance

1) List the following weights:

Maximum take-off weight \_\_\_\_\_ lbs  
Maximum landing weight \_\_\_\_\_ lbs  
Maximum zero fuel weight \_\_\_\_\_ lbs

2) The forward baggage compartment is located \_\_\_\_\_ and its maximum weight is \_\_\_\_\_. The aft baggage compartment is located \_\_\_\_\_ and its maximum weight is \_\_\_\_\_.

3) Maximum positive load factor is \_\_\_\_\_ G.

4) Complete a weight and balance for the following:

2 males  
2 females  
65 US Gal fuel  
150 lbs baggage  
Determine the gross weight, centre of gravity and zero fuel weight.

## Fuel System

- 1) The recommended fuel grade is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2) The total fuel capacity is \_\_\_\_\_ US Gal.  
The total useable fuel is \_\_\_\_\_ US Gal.
- 3) Explain the procedure for drawing fuel from the tank on the side opposite to the operating engine \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Propeller System

- 1) When is it not possible to feather the props? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2) When checking the feathering system during the run up, what indicates that the system is functioning normally?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3) The maximum RPM allowed when exercising the propeller during the run-up is \_\_\_\_\_ RPM

## Landing Gear System

- 1) How is hydraulic pressure supplied to the landing gear system?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2) Why is it not advisable to move the gear selector to the opposite direction while the gear is in transit?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3) How is inadvertent gear retraction prevented while the aircraft is on the ground?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4) What is the procedure for manually extending the gear?  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Electrical System

- 1) What indication would alert the pilot that the over voltage relay has tripped? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2) What is the maximum continuous output from the alternators?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3) What is the procedure to be followed if both over voltage lights illuminate? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Pitot Static System

- 1) Where are the static and pitot system drain valves located?  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Procedures

- 1) When is asymmetrical power to be used while taxiing?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2) When should the landing gear be retracted after take-off?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3) The flap setting for a normal take-off is \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) Why should you wait until 500' AGL before setting climb power?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 5) The recommended speed for approach and landing is \_\_\_\_\_ KIAS  
The recommended flap setting is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6) What is the proper procedure for a go-around? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Emergencies

- 1) When do you use the alternate air source? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) What are the suggested procedures to attempt to restore power prior to feathering a propeller? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3) If an engine failure occurs on take-off below \_\_\_\_\_ the take-off must be aborted. What would happen if you were to continue with the take-off below speed? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

- 4) Explain procedure to follow in the event of the following emergencies:

Engine fire in flight \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Electrical fire in flight \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Propeller over speed \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Vmc- Minimum Controllable Airspeed

- 1) The minimum altitude that Vmc shall be demonstrated is \_\_\_\_\_ ft AGL.
- 2) What is the recovery procedure for Vmc? \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3) How does Vmc vary with the following?

Maximum Gross Weight \_\_\_\_\_

High Altitude \_\_\_\_\_

Aft C of G \_\_\_\_\_

Flaps Extended \_\_\_\_\_

Landing Gear Extended \_\_\_\_\_